- (1) The veteran must furnish the following information:
 - (i) Name;
 - (ii) Date of Birth;
 - (iii) Social Security Number;
 - (iv) Home address:
 - (v) Phone number (with area code);
- (vi) Name of Health Insurance Company and Health Insurance Policy Number;
 - (vii) List of any allergies;
- (viii) History of any adverse reaction to any medication;
- (ix) List of current medications, including over-the-counter medications or herbal supplements; and
- (x) Indication of whether the VA pharmacist may call a non-VA physician for information regarding medications
- (2) The non-VA physician must furnish the following information:
 - (i) Name;
 - (ii) Group practice name;
- (iii) Social Security Number or Tax ID number:
 - (iv) License Number;
 - (v) Office address;
- (vi) Phone number and fax number; and
 - (vii) E-mail address.
- (f) Medications that may be furnished. VA may furnish medication under paragraph (b) of this section only if the medication:
 - (1) Must be dispensed by prescription; (2) Is not an over-the-counter medica-
- (2) Is not an over-the-counter medication;
- (3) Is not listed as a controlled substance under schedule I through V of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act, 21 U.S.C. 812;
- (4) Is included on VA's National Formulary, unless VA determines a non-Formulary medication is medically necessary; and
- (5) Is not an acute medication, an intravenous medication nor one required to be administered only by a medical professional.
- (g) *Copayments.* Copayment provisions in §17.110 of this part apply to medication furnished under paragraph (b) of this section.
- (h) Mailing of Medications. VA may furnish medication under paragraph (b) of this section only by having the medication mailed to the veteran.

- (i) Medications for veterans receiving increased compensation or pension. Any prescription, which is not part of authorized Department of Veterans Affairs hospital or outpatient care, for drugs and medicines ordered by a private or non-Department of Veterans Affairs doctor of medicine or doctor of osteopathy duly licensed to practice in the jurisdiction where the prescription is written, shall be filled by a Department of Veterans Affairs pharmacy or a non-VA pharmacy in a state home under contract with VA for filling prescriptions for patients in state homes, provided:
 - (1) The prescription is for:
- (i) A veteran who by reason of being permanently housebound or in need of regular aid and attendance is in receipt of increased compensation under 38 U.S.C. chapter 11, or increased pension under section 3.1(u) (Section 306 Pension) or section 3.1(w) (Improved Pension), of this title, as a veteran of the Mexican Border Period, World War I, World War II, the Korean Conflict, or the Vietnam Era (or, although eligible for such pension, is in receipt of compensation as the greater benefit), or
- (ii) A veteran in need of regular aid and attendance who was formerly in receipt of increased pension as described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section whose pension has been discontinued solely by reason of excess income, but only so long as such veteran's annual income does not exceed the maximum annual income limitation by more than \$ 1,000, and
- (2) The drugs and medicines are prescribed as specific therapy in the treatment of any of the veteran's illnesses or injuries.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1706, 1710, 17.12(d))

[68 FR 43929, July 25, 2003]

§17.97 Prescriptions in Alaska, and territories and possessions.

In Alaska and territories and possessions, where there are no Department of Veterans Affairs pharmacies, the expenses of any prescriptions filled by a private pharmacist which otherwise could have been filled by a Department

§ 17.98

of Veterans Affairs pharmacy under 38 U.S.C. 1712(h), may be reimbursed.

[32 FR 13816, Oct. 4, 1967. Redesignated and amended at 61 FR 21965, 21967, May 13, 1996]

§17.98 Mental health services.

(a) Following the death of a veteran, bereavement counseling involving services defined in 38 U.S.C. 1701(6)(B), may be furnished to persons who were receiving mental health services in connection with treatment of the veteran under 38 U.S.C. 1710, 1712, 1712A, 1713, or 1717, or 38 CFR 17.84 of this part, prior to the veteran's death, but may only be furnished in instances where the veteran's death had been unexpected or occurred while the veteran was participating in a VA hospice or similar program. Bereavement counseling may be provided only to assist individuals with the emotional and psychological stress accompanying the veteran's death, and only for a limited period of time, as determined by the Medical Center Director, but not to exceed 60 days. The Medical Center Director may approve a longer period of time when medically indicated.

(b) For purposes of paragraph (a) of this section, an unexpected death is one which occurs when in the course of an illness the provider of care did not or could not have anticipated the timing of the death. Ordinarily, the provider of care can anticipate the patient's death and can inform the patient and family of the immediacy and certainty of death. If that has not taken place, a death can be described as unexpected.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 1701(6)(B))

[53 FR 7186, Mar. 7, 1988. Redesignated and amended at 61 FR 21965, 21967, May 13, 1996]

BREAKING APPOINTMENTS

§ 17.100 Refusal of treatment by unnecessarily breaking appointments.

A patient under medical treatment who breaks an appointment without a reasonable excuse will be informed that breaking an additional appointment will be deemed to be a refusal to accept VA treatment. If such a patient fails to keep a second appointment, without at least 24 hours notice, such action will be deemed as a refusal to

accept VA treatment. Thereafter, no further treatment will be furnished until the veteran has agreed to cooperate by keeping appointments. Treatment will not be discontinued until the treating physician has reviewed the treatment files, concurred in the action and signed a statement to this effect in the record. Consideration will be given to the veteran's ability to make a rational decision concerning the need for medical care and/or examination. The veteran will be advised of the final decision. Nothing in this section will be construed to prevent treatment for an emergent condition that may arise during or subsequent to this action. Where an appointment is broken without notice and satisfactory reasons are advanced for breaking the appointment and circumstances were such that notice could not be given, the patient will not be deemed to have refused treatment.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 7304)

[51 FR 8672, Mar. 13, 1986. Redesignated at 61 FR 21965, May 13, 1996; 64 FR 54218, Oct. 6, 1999]

CHARGES, WAIVERS, AND COLLECTIONS

§ 17.101 Collection or recovery by VA for medical care or services provided or furnished to a veteran for a nonservice-connected disability.

(a) (1) *General.* This section covers collection or recovery by VA, under 38 U.S.C. 1729, for medical care or services provided or furnished to a veteran:

- (i) For a nonservice-connected disability for which the veteran is entitled to care (or the payment of expenses of care) under a health plan contract;
- (ii) For a nonservice-connected disability incurred incident to the veteran's employment and covered under a worker's compensation law or plan that provides reimbursement or indemnification for such care and services; or
- (iii) For a nonservice-connected disability incurred as a result of a motor vehicle accident in a State that requires automobile accident reparations insurance.
- (2) Methodologies. Based on the methodologies set forth in this section, the charges billed will include the following types of charges, as appropriate: